

**TECHNIQUES FOR ACCESSING INFORMATION CAPTURED
DURING A PRESENTATION USING A PAPER DOCUMENT HANDOUT
FOR THE PRESENTATION**

5 **CROSS-REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

[0001] The present application is a non-provisional of and claims priority from U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/462,412, Attorney Docket No. 15358-009400US, filed April 11, 2003, the entire contents of which are herein incorporated by reference for all purposes.

[0002] The present application incorporates by reference for all purposes the entire contents
10 of the following:

[0003] U.S. Application No. 10/412,757, Attorney Docket No. Docket No. 15358- *pending*
009500US, filed April 11, 2003;

[0004] U.S. Application No. *10/660, 985*, Attorney Docket No. 15358-009410US, filed *pending*
concurrently with the present application;

15 [0005] U.S. Application No. *10/661, 052*, Attorney Docket No. 15358-009420US, filed *pending*
concurrently with the present application; and

[0006] U.S. Application No. 10/001,895, Attorney Docket No. 15358-006500US, filed *pending*
November 19, 2001.

20 **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

[0007] The present application relates to field of accessing recorded information, and more particularly to techniques for accessing recorded information using a paper interface.

[0008] Recording information during presentations has many gained a lot of popularity in recent years. For example, colleges and universities have started to program classes and
25 lectures, corporations have started to record meetings and conferences, etc. The information during a presentation may be recorded using one or more capture devices. The recorded info may comprise different types or streams of information including audio information, video information, and the like.